



SIGMA

FILTER SELECTION GUIDE



ENG



The SIGMA canister filter range offers a wide choice of filters for specific respiratory challenges, providing high quality and cost efficient protection. Highest specification filter media and materials ensure durability and reliability in the most demanding applications.

Combining low weight and low breathing resistance, SIGMA filters are manufactured using superior performance media, giving extended adsorption capacity for gas and combined filters and unrivalled efficiency for the particle element.

SIGMA filters are fully EN approved to the latest standards:

- CE approvals: EN 143:2021, EN 14387:2021, EN 12941:1998+A2:2008, EN 12942:1998+A2:2008,
- connected via a 40 mm EN148-1 thread as well as 40x4mm GOST 8762-75.

SIGMA FILTERS

- Particle filters trap solid and liquid particles, e.g., dusts, smoke, welding fumes, mists, micro-organisms and radioactive particles
- Gas filters protect against hazardous gases and vapours
- Combined filters protect against both gaseous and particulate contaminants.
- Filters marked "+" use a new filter medium with extremely low breathing resistance (up to 30%) while maintaining comparable particle capture.

PARTICLE FILTERS

- SIGMA particle filters use only microfibre 'paper' media and do not use any electrostatic filtering method. They are marked 'R' for "reusable"
- P3 features a high capacity filter element; it removes even the smallest particles with efficiency better than 99,99 %
- The filter element is extremely water-repellent (hydrophobic).



GAS FILTERS

- Use the highest grade active carbon materials, additionally treated for best performance
- With a safe margin to EN requirements, SIGMA MOF-6 gas filters perform effectively using only 260 ml of carbon
- Less carbon provides low weight and less resistance – real benefits for the user.

COMBINED FILTERS

- Combined filters remove hazardous gases and vapours as well as solid and liquid particles
- The particle filter removes aerosol-based particles such as paint droplets. When spraying liquid substances (e.g., spray-painting) a combined filter should be used.

HOW TO SELECT A FILTER

- Will the atmosphere contain sufficient oxygen throughout the period of exposure?
- Which hazardous substances are likely to be present? What are their physical and chemical properties?
- Which forms do the airborne contaminants take – dust, fibre, mist, fume, microorganism, gas, vapour, radioactive particulates or gases?
- What health effects can these substances have on the body? Special attention is needed if there are several substances that may interact, either by reacting chemically, or by having synergistic adverse health effects.
- What are the concentrations in the atmosphere?
- What are the relevant occupational exposure limit values or the safe exposure levels?

A filtering device should have the correct type of filter matched to the substance(s) from which the wearer needs protection. The maximum mass of filter designated to be connected to a half mask is 300g and to a full face mask 500g. Filters are colour coded, marked with type and class, as well as labelled with the shelf life as factory sealed. The filter label includes the "CE" mark and EN standard number(s), and markings relevant to particular types; if for a powered respirator, the device class.

PARTICLE FILTER CLASSIFICATION AND EFFICIENCY EN 143			
Class	efficiency	Max permitted penetration	
		NaCl (solid, dusts)	Paraffin oil (liquid, aerosols)
P1	Low efficiency (against coarse and minor solid particles)	20%	20%
P2	Medium efficiency (against solid and liquid hazardous particles)	6%	6%
P3	High efficiency (against solid and liquid toxic particles, and radioactive particles and microorganisms)	0,05%	0,05%

PARTICLE FILTER OPERATION LIFE

- The filter does not wear out but gets clogged with particles and/or moisture.
- A particle filter must be replaced when breathing resistance has increased.
- When used against radioactive substances and micro-organisms a particle filter is recommended for single use only.
- P3 particle filters use only microfibre 'paper' media and do not use any electrostatic filtering methods. SIGMA P3 filters are fully EN approved to the latest standards.
Shelf life for P3 particle filters is 10 years.

THE RISK CAUSED BY PARTICLES DEPENDS ON:

- The physical, biological and chemical properties of the contaminant
- Particle size and form
- Concentration in the ambient air and exposure time
- Work pace; the more rapid respiration, the more particles are inhaled.

PHYSIOLOGICAL EFFECTS OF PARTICULATES ON THE HUMAN BODY	
Inert dusts	Minor effects of concentration: e.g., <5 mg/m ³ slight irritation, > 30 mg/m ³ high irritation.
Mineral dusts, e.g., silica dust, quartz	Detrimental, hazardous effects; changes in lung tissues, cancer
Metal fumes and dusts, e.g., lead, chromium, cadmium, mercury, poisonous particles	Pneumoconiosis, bronchitis, asthma, inflammation, cancer.
Manufactured fibres, e.g., asbestos and other fibres	Pulmonary fibrosis, mesothelioma, cancer.
Airborne radioactive substances	Can cause severe damages, e.g., cancer.
Micro-organisms, e.g., bacteria and viruses	Biological agents can cause diseases, e.g., farmer's lung.

HOW FAR THE PARTICLES BREAK THROUGH DEPENDS ON THE PARTICLE SIZE – THE SMALLER THE SIZE THE MORE DETERIMENTAL THEY ARE

Particle size	Respiratory tract
> 10 µm	Trachea
> 5 - 10 µm	Bronchial tube
< 5 µm	Lungs, pleura
< 1 µm	Alveoli
< 0.1 µm	Bloodstream

PARTICULATE CONTAMINANTS

PARTICLE FORMS

Dusts are airborne solid particles, which are generated during the processing of organic and inorganic substances.

Solid particles can be mineral, metal, coal, wood or crop dusts, as well as various fibres.

Fumes, evaporating metal creates fumes during cooling.

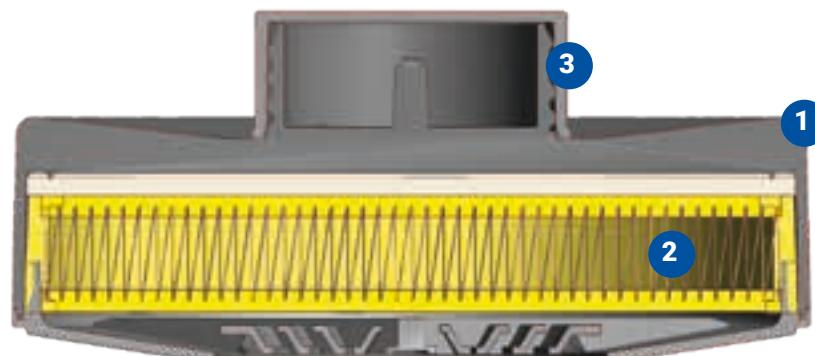
Smoke consists of small coal and soot particles and potentially other partly incinerated materials.

It can include both liquid droplets and solid particles.

Mists are airborne droplets which are created when a fluid disperses in air in the form of small particles.

Micro-organisms, e.g., bacteria and viruses.

Radioactive particles are generated from radioactive material.



1 – filter body; 2 – filter element; 3 – filter thread

GASEOUS CONTAMINANTS

EXPLOSIVE ENVIRONMENTS

It should be noted that the concentration of gases in potentially explosive atmospheres starts from 1% of the volume in the air, depending on the gas. In terms of concentration, it is 10,000 ppm, which corresponds to a class 3 filter – for collective protection. From this point of view, it can be deduced that classic small protective filters are unsuitable for this environment.

GAS FILTER CLASSIFICATION

CAPACITY			
Class	Capacity	Max concentration of the test gas. EN 14387. Negative pressure respirators	Max concentration of the test gas. EN 12941 and 12942. Powered and power assisted respirators
1	Low capacity	1 000 ppm (0,1%)	500 ppm (0,05%)
2	Medium capacity	5 000 ppm (0,5%)	1 000 ppm (0,1%)
3	High capacity	10 000 ppm (1%)*	5 000 ppm (0,5%)

* The test gas concentration with A-filter in class 3. is 0.8 vol.-% (EN 14387).

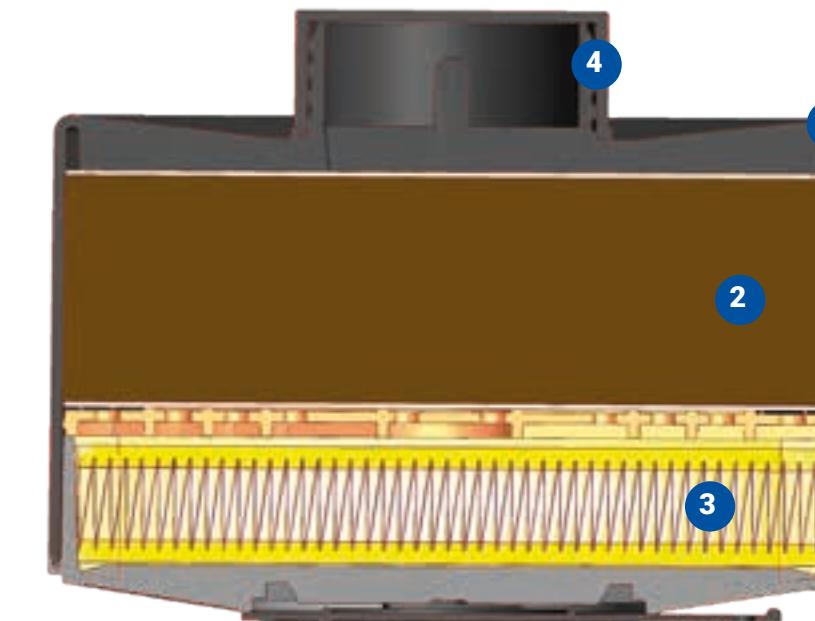
Filter type	Test gas	Minimum allowed breakthrough time for the test gas. Class / test gas concentration		
		Class 1	Class 2	Class 3
A	Cyclohexane (C_6H_{12})	70 min	35 min	65 min
	Chlorine Cl_2	20 min	20 min	30 min
B	Hydrogen sulphide H_2S	40 min	40 min	60 min
	Hydrogen cyanide HCN	25 min	25 min	35 min
E	Sulphur dioxide (SO_2)	20 min	20 min	30 min
K	Ammonia (NH_3)	50 min	40 min	60 min

SPECIAL FILTERS			
Filter type	Test gas	Minimum allowed breakthrough time	Test gas concentration
AX	Dimethyl ether (CH_3COCH_3)	50 min	0,05%
	Isobutane (C_4H_{10})	50 min	0,25%
NO-P3	Nitric oxide (NO)	20 min	0,25%
	Nitrogen dioxide (NO_2)	20 min	0,25%
Hg-P3	Mercury, vapour (Hg)	100 hours	1,6 ml/m ³

GAS FILTER CAPACITY WITH POWERED AIR RESPIRATORS EN 12941 & EN 12942				
Filter type	Test gas	Minimum allowed breakthrough time for the test gas. Class / test gas concentration		
		Class 1	Class 2	Class 3
A	Cyclohexane (C_6H_{12})	70 min	70 min	35 min
	Chlorine Cl_2	20 min	20 min	30 min
B	Hydrogen sulphide H_2S	40 min	40 min	40 min
	Hydrogen cyanide HCN	25 min	25 min	35 min
E	Sulphur dioxide (SO_2)	20 min	20 min	20 min
K	Ammonia (NH_3)	50 min	50 min	40 min

COMBINED FILTERS

Combined filters remove hazardous gases and vapours as well as solid and liquid particles. The particle filter removes aerosol-based particles such as paint droplets. When spraying liquid substances (e.g., spray-painting) a combined filter must be used.



1 – filter body; 2 – active carbon; 3 – filter element; 4 – filter thread

THE SERVICE LIFE OF A GAS FILTER

DEPENDS ON:

- Concentration and characteristics of the workplace contaminant
- Filter capacity, e.g., filter class, compare workplace concentrations to test values
- Breathing volume and work rate
- Humidity of the air
- Temperature of the atmosphere

GASES AND VAPOURS HAVE VARIOUS EFFECTS ON HEALTH:

- They can irritate the membranes of respiratory organs, the eyes and skin
- They can reach the lungs and cause damage there
- They can be absorbed in the blood and cause temporary or permanent damage to various parts of the body
- They can cause irreparable damage to the nervous system
- The most hazardous gases can intoxicate or suffocate, and even destroy individual bodily organs
- They can be lethal

EFFECTS OF GASEOUS SUBSTANCES DEPEND ON:

- The characteristics of the gas or vapour; e.g., toxicity
- The concentration of the contaminant in the air
- Duration of exposure to the contaminant
- The chemical compound or mixture of substances making up the contaminant
- The ability to react chemically with organic tissue as well as the propensity to be absorbed in the blood
- Personal characteristics, e.g., rate of respiration, blood circulation and sensitivity



1 – filter body; 2 – active carbon; 3 – filter thread

Filter type	Colour code	Application
P3		Solid and liquid particles of toxic agents, radioactive substances and micro-organisms, e.g., bacteria and viruses.
A2	Brown	Gases and vapours from organic compounds with a boiling point below 65°C.
B2	Grey	Inorganic gases and vapours, e.g., chlorine, hydrogen sulphide and hydrogen cyanide.
E2	Yellow	Acid gases and vapours e.g., sulphur dioxide.
K2	Green	Ammonia and organic ammonia derivates.
ABEK2 – P3	Brown, Grey, Yellow, Green	Organic, inorganic and acid gases and vapours as well as ammonia and organic ammonia derivatives, solid and liquid hazardous particles, e.g., radioactive and toxic substances and micro-organisms.
Hg – P3	Red	Mercury and mercury compounds, radioactive and toxic dust, bacteria, viruses, fungus
Reaktor – P3	Yellow	Radioactive iodine, Iodine and its organic compounds (e.g., methyl iodide), radioactive and toxic dust, bacteria, viruses, fungus





SIGMA

RECOMMENDED PROTECTION FOR ENVIRONMENT WITH CHEMICAL HAZARD

SORTED ALPHABETICALLY

NOTE: This filter selection guide is applicable only to SIGMA filters and does not offer guidance for other manufacturer's filters. This guide includes SIGMA's basic application data of filter types, and does not cover all potential airborne contaminants. While we are glad to provide guidance, responsibility for correct filter selection remains with the health and safety professionals in the workplace. Before choosing a filter, a risk assessment must be completed. Hazardous substances in the workplace air must be identified and measured. Airborne contaminant levels must be compared with the relevant occupational exposure limit values or the safe exposure levels (see national guidance). The required protection factor, the RPE to be used and the filter type should be specified with consideration to the properties of the hazardous substances and needs of the wearer, the work and the workplace conditions. A filtering device may be used only if the oxygen content of the air is >17 vol.-% and <23 vol.-%, and not if the airborne contaminants are unknown or if the composition of the atmosphere is likely to change disadvantageously. The recommended minimum oxygen level is 19.5%. In case of doubt, insulating respirators which function independently from the ambient atmosphere (e.g., SCBA or Airline) must be used. Gas filters do not protect against particles. Likewise, particle filters do not provide protection against gases or vapours. In case of doubt, use combined filters.

RECOMMENDED PROTECTION

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
3-Nitrotoluene		99-08-1	●				●		P3	
3-Picolyn	3-Methylpyridine	108-99-6							BA	
4,6-Dinitro-o-cresol		534-52-1		●					P3	
4-Aminodiphenyl		92-67-1							P3	
4-Ethylmorpholin		100-74-3	●							
4-Heptanon		123-19-3	●							
4-Chlorine-o-toluidine		95-69-2	●						P3	
4-Nitroaniline		100-01-6							P2	
4-Nitrobiphenyl		92-93-3							P3	
4-Nitropyrene		57835-92-4							P3	
4-Nitrotoluene		99-99-0							P2	
4-Picolyn	4-Methylpyridine	108-89-4							BA	
5-Chlorine-o-toluidine		95-79-4	●						P2	
5-Nitroacenafetene		602-87-9							P3	
5-Nitro-o-toluidine		99-55-8							P3	

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
α -Methylstyrene		98-83-9	●							
Acetaldehyde		75-07-0						●		
Acetamide		60-35-6							P3	
Acetanhydride		108-24-7		●						
Acetic acid		64-19-7		●	●				P3	
Acetone		67-64-1	●							
Acetonitrile		75-05-8	●							
Acetonkyanhydrin		75-86-5	●				●			
Acetyl bromed		506-96-7	●							
Acetyl chloride		75-36-5		●				●		
Acetylene	Acetylene	74-86-2							BA	
Acetylsalicyl acid.		50-78-2							P3	
Acrolein		107-02-8					●			
Acrylamide		79-06-1	●						P3	
Acrylic acid		79-10-7	●		●					
Acrylic acid		79-10-7	●				●		P3	
Acrylonitrile	Vinyl cyanide	107-13-1	●							
Aldrin		309-00-2	●						P3	
Allyl alcohol		107-18-6	●							
Allyl chloride		107-05-1						●		
Allylamide		107-11-9			●			●		
Allylbromed		106-95-6	●							
Allylglycid eter	AGE	106-82-3	●							
Allylisocyanate		1476-23-9	●				●		P2	
Allylpropyldisulfide		2179-59-1		●					P2	
Alumina		1344-28-1							P2	
Aluminium fluoride		7784-18-1							P3	
Aluminium chloride		7446-70-0							P3	
Aluminiumalkyl compounds		-		●					P3	
Aluminum carbide		1299-86-1							BA	

- Recommended protection, general classification | BA Breathing apparatus must be used | P2, P3 Particle filters
- Tested in the SIGMA laboratory. For more detailed information, contact the filter manufacturer
- Tested and documented with certificates; accredited testing laboratory

RECOMMENDED PROTECTION

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Aluminum metal dust		7429-90-5							P3	
Amid lith		7782-89-0			●				P3	
ammonia		7664-41-7			●					
Ammonium chloride smoke		12125-02-9							P3	
Ammonium sulfamate		7773-06-0							P3	
Ammonia	Ammonia	7664-41-7			●				P3	
Ammonium chloride smoke		12125-02-9							P2	
Ammonium chlorite		7790-98-9							P3	
Ammonium peroxide		7727-54-0							P2	
Ammonium sulphate		7783-20-2							P2	
Anil		62-53-3	●			●				
anthracene		120-12-7							P2	
Antimony	Stiban	7803-52-3							BA	
Antimony chloride		7347-18-9			●				P3	
Antimony oxide		1309-64-4							P3	
Antimony oxide		1309-64-4							P3	
Antimony and scheming		7440-36-0		●					P3	
ANTU	Naphthylthiomovin	86-88-4	●						P3	
Argon		7440-37-1							BA	
Arsenic	Arsin	7784-42-1		●					BA	
Arsenic (5+) inorganic compounds		7440-38-2							P3	
Arsenic acid and salts		7778-39-4							P3	
Arsenic acid and salts		13464-58-9							P3	
Arsenic fluoride		7784-36-3							BA	
Arsenic fluoride		7784-35-2							BA	
Arsenic oxide		1303-28-2							P3	
Arsenic oxide		1327-53-3							P3	
Asbestos, all forms		-							P3	
Asphalt, smoke		8052-42-4	●						P3	

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Atrazine		1912-24-9							P3	
Auramin		492-80-8							P3	
Azifos-methyl	Guthion	86-50-0	●						P3	
Azoimide	Hydrogen azide	7782-79-8					●			

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RECOMMENDED PROTECTION

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
β -Propiolactone		57-57-8							BA	
Barium chloride		13477-00-4						P2		
Barium, compounds		7440-39-3						P3		
Benomyl		17804-35-2	●					P3		
Benzaldehyde		100-52-7	●							
Benzene		71-43-2	●							
Benzidine		92-87-5	●					P3		
Benzyl chloride		100-44-7		●				P3		
Benzylamine		100-46-9	●		●					
Benzylbutyl alphatake		85-68-7	●							
Beryllium and compounds		7440-41-7						P3		
Biphenyl		92-52-4	●					P3		
Bis-Chlormethyl methyl-eter		107-30-2	●			●		P3		
Bis-Chlormetyleter		542-88-1	●					P3		
bBorax		1330-43-4						P3		
Boric acid		10043-35-3						P3		
Boric bromide		10294-33-4		●				P3		
Boric oxide		1303-86-2						P2		
Bromacil		314-40-9						P3		
Brombenzylkyanid	BBC, CA	5798-79-8		●				P3		
Brombutan		78-76-2	●							
Bromethane	Ethyl bromed	74-96-4				●				
Bromethylene	Vinyl bromide	593-60-2				●				
Bromchloromethane		74-97-5				●				
bromine		7726-95-6	●					P3		
Bromine fluoride		7789-30-2		●						
Bromkyan		506-68-3		●				P3		
Brommethane	Methyl bromed	74-83-9				●				
Bromobenzene		108-86-1	●							

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Bromoform		75-25-2	●							
Butens			106-98-9							
			590-18-1							
			624-64-6							
			115-11-7							
Butylformate		592-84-7	●							
Butylstearate		123-95-5	●						P2	

- Recommended protection, general classification | BA Breathing apparatus must be used | P2, P3 Particle filters
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RECOMMENDED PROTECTION

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Eight-face oxide		20816-12-0	●						P3	
Emery		-							P2	
Endosulfan	Thiodan	115-29-7							P3	
Endrin		72-20-8							P3	
Enfluran		13838-16-9					●		P2	
Epichlorhydrin		106-89-8	●							
Etanthsiol	Ethylmerkkaptan	75-08-1					●			
Ethanol		64-17-5	●							
Ethyl acetate		141-78-6	●							
Ethyl bromed		74-96-4					●			
Ethyl chloride	Chloorethane	75-00-3					●			
Ethyl chloro-acetate	"Chloroacetic acid ethyl ester"	105-39-5	●							
Ethylacrylate		140-88-5	●							
Ethylamin		75-04-7			●		●			
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	●							
Ethylbutylketone	3-Heptanon	106-35-4	●							
Ethylendibromed	Edb	106-93-6	●							
Ethylendichloride	Edc	107-06-2	●							
Ethylene glycol		107-21-7						P3		
Ethylene glycol monobutyleter	2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	●							
Ethylene glycoldinitrate	EGDN	628-96-6		●						
Ethylene chlorhydrin	Chloorethanol	107-7-3		●			●			
Ethylene oxide	Oxirane	75-21-8					●			
Ethylenediamine		107-15-3	●				●		P2	
Ethyleneimin	Aziridine	151-56-4			●					
Ethylilylate		78-10-4	●							
Ethylkarbamate	urethane	51-79-6	●						P3	
Ethylmerkaptan		75-08-1					●			
Ethylpropionate		105-37-3	●							

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Ethylylomiate		109-94-4							●	
Ethylamylketone		541-85-5	●							

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Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Fenantren		85-01-8							P3	
Fenchorofos		299-84-3	●						P2	
Fenthion		55-38-9	●						P3	
Ferbam		14484-64-1							P3	
Ferovanad dust		12604-58-9							P2	
Ferrocen		102-54-5	●						P3	
Ferrous chloride . 6 aq		10025-77-1							P3	
Ferrous sulphate hepta-hydrate		7782-63-0							P2	
Ferrous sulphate nona-hydrate		10028-22-5							P2	
Flour dust		-							P2	
Florbenzene		464-06-6	●				●			
Fluorid boric		7637-07-2		●					P3	
Fluorine		7782-41-4							BA	
Fluorine dioxide		7783-41-7							BA	
Fluoroacetic acid	Mfa	144-49-0	●						P3	
Fluoroform	Trifluormethane	75-46-7							BA	
Fluosulphuric rid		2551-62-4							BA	
Formaldehyde		50-00-0		●						
Formamide		75-12-7	●						P3	
Formic acid		64-18-6		●	●				P3	
Fray fluoride		7783-61-1							BA	
Fuel oils aerosol, smoke		-	●				●		P2	
Furan		110-00-9					●			
Furfural		98-01-1	●							
Furfurylalcohol		98-00-0	●							

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Gelatine		9000-70-8							P2	
Germaniumtetrahydride	Hydrogen germanium	7782-65-2		●					P3 BA	
Glass fiber, dust		-							P3	
Glutaraldehyde		111-30-8	●						P3	
Glycerin fumes		56-81-5	●						P3	
Glycidol		556-52-5	●							
Glyoxal		107-22-2						●	P3	

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RECOMMENDED PROTECTION

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Hafnium and compounds		7440-58-6						P3		
Halotan		151-67-7					●			
Helium		7440-59-7						BA		
Hexafluoractone		684-16-2					●			
Hexachlorobenzene	Hcb	118-74-1						P3		
Hexachlorocycline	lindane	58-89-9	●					P3		
Hexachloroethane		67-72-1	●					P3		
Hexametylendiisocyanate		822-06-0	●					P2		
Hexamethylenediamine		129-09-4	●					P2		
Hexamethylenetetramin		100-97-0	●					P2		
Hexamethylfosphamide		680-31-9	●					P3		
Hexogen		121-82-4			●			P3		
Hexylamine		111-26-2	●		●					
Hexylenglycol		107-41-5	●							
Hydantoin		461-72-3					P3			
Hydrazine		302-01-2			●			P3		
Hydrazobenzene	1,2Difenylhydrazine	122-66-7						P2		
Hydrazobenzene	1,2Diphenylhydrazine	122-66-7						P2		
Hydride		7580-67-8						P3		
Hydrofluoric acid		7664-3-39		●				P2		
Hydrogen bromide		10035-10-6		●		●		P2		
Hydrogen fluoride gaseous		7664-39-3		●		●				
Hydrogen gaseous		1333-74-6						BA		
Hydrogen chloride		7647-01-0		●		●		P2		
Hydrogen iodide		10034-85-2		●		●		P3		
Hydrogen peroxide	Hydrogen peroxide	7722-84-1				●		P3		
Hydrogen Sulfide		7783-06-4		●						

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Hydrochloric acid		7647-01-0			●				P3	
Hydroquinone		123-31-9	●						P3	
Hydroxide cessive hydrate		35103-79-8							P3	
Hydroxylamine		7803-49-8					●			

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RECOMMENDED PROTECTION

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Inden		95-13-6	●				●			
Indium and compounds		7440-74-6							P3	
Iodine		7553-56-2		●					P2	
Iodomethane	Methyl yododide	74-88-4					●			
Iodoform		75-47-8	●						P3	
Iron dust		7439-89-6							P2	
Iron oxide, fumes		1309-37-1							P2	
Isopropyl acetate		108-21-4	●							
Isopropyl glycidyl ether	IGE	4016-14-2	●							
Isopropylbenzene	Kumen	98-82-8	●							
Isoamyl acetate		123-92-2	●							
Isoamyl alcohol		123-51-3	●							
Isobutane		75-28-5				●				
Isobutyl acetate		110-19-0	●							
Isobutyl alcohol		78-83-1	●							
Isobutylamin		78-81-9	●							
Isobutylene mixture of isomers		25167-67-3				●				
Isobutylformate		542-55-2	●							
Isobutyraldehyde		78-84-2				●				
Isoforon		78-59-1	●							
Isohexan	2-methylpentane	107-83-5				●				
Isokyanatees in general		-	See product-specific safety data sheet							
Isopropylamine	2-propylamine	75-31-0			●		●			
Isopropyl alcohol	2-propane	67-63-0	●				●			
Isopropyleter	di-iso-propyleter	108-20-3	●							
Isopropyl glycidyl ether		4016-14-2	●			●		P2		
Isopropyl nitrate		1712-64-7		●						

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Kaolin		-							P3	
Kaprolaktam		105-60-2	●						P3	
Kerosene		-	●							
Keten		763-51-4							BA	
Krotonaldehyde		4170-30-3	●							

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RECOMMENDED PROTECTION

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Laccoal gasoline		-	●							
Lactic acid		50-21-5				●			P3	
Lead alkyls		75-74-1, 78-00-2	●						P3	
Lead and compounds		7439-92-1							P3	
Lewisit	Chlorinedichlor-arsin	541-25-3		●					P3	
Ligroin	Petroleum gaso-line	8032-32-4	●						P2	
Lithium aluminum hy-dride	Lithium aluminum tetrahydride	16853-67-9							P3	
Lithium		7439-93-2							P2	

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Magnesium chlorite		10034-81-8							P3	
Magnesium oxide fumes		1309-48-4							P2	
Malathion		121-75-5	●						P3	
Maleinanhydride		108-31-6	●						P3	
Manganese dust		7439-96-5							P3	
Manganese oxide		1313-13-9							P2	
Manganeseoxide -manganese		1317-35-7							P2	
m-Cresol		108-39-4	●						P3	
m-Dichlorbenzene		541-7-1	●							
Melamine		108-78-1				●			BA	
Mercury alkyl com-pound			-						Hg/P3	
Mercury anorg. com-pounds			-						P3	
Mercury steam		7439-97-6							Hg/P3	
Mesityl oxide		141-79-7	●							
Metacrylic acid		79-41-4	●						P3	
Metal fumes during welding			-						P3	
Methane		74-82-8							BA	
Methanol	Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	●							
Methomyl		16752-77-5							P2	
Methoxychlor		72-43-5							P2	
Methyl a metylacet		79-20-9						●		
Methyl bromed	Dibrommethane	74-95-3	●							
Methyl chloroform	1,1,1-Trichloretan	71-55-6	●							
Methyl yododide		74-88-4							"Hg-P3 Ax"	
Methyl yododide CH ₃ 131J		-							reactor	

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Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Methyl-2-cyanoacrylate		137-05-3		●				●	P3	
Methylacrylate		96-33-3	●				●			
Methylamine		74-89-5			●		●			
Methylatrylonitril		126-98-7	●						P3	
Methylbutylketon		591-78-6	●							
Methylcyclicexane		108-87-2	●							
Methylene-bis-(cycethylylisocyanate)	HMDI	5124-30-1		●					P3	
Methylenebisphenyl di-isocyanate	Dmi	26447-40-5		●					P3	
Methylenebisphenyl di-isocyanate - polymer	PDMI	9016-87-9		●					P3	
Methylenedifenylisocyanate	Mdi	9016-87-9		●					P3	
Methylethylethylene	Propyne	74-99-7							BA	
Methylformiat		107-31-3				●				
Methylhydrazine		60-34-4			●					
Methyl-isoamylketon		110-12-3	●							
Methylketonperoxide	MEKP	1338-23-4	●							
Methylfluorid	Fluormethane	593-53-3							BA	
Methylpropionate		554-12-1	●							
Methylmerkaptan		74-93-1				●			(BA)	
Methyl-n-amylketone	2-Heptanon	110-43-0	●							
Methylparathion		298-00-0	●						P3	
Methyl-S-demeton		919-86-8							P3	
Methylsilikate		681-84-5	●							
Methylsobutylketon		108-10-1	●							
Methylsocyancate		624-83-9							BA	
Methyltarilate		80-62-6	●							
Methyl-terc-butyleter	MTBE	1634-04-4				●				
Methylvinyleter		107-25-5					●			
Methylalcohol		108-11-2	●							

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Methylalketone	MEK	78-93-3	●							
Mevinphos		7786-34-7	●						P3	
Mineral oil - fog		-							P2	
Molybdenum salts		7439-98-7							P3	
Monometylaniline		100-61-8	●							
Morpholin		110-91-8	●							
Motor gasoline		-	●							
m-Phenylendiamine	1,3-diaminobenzene	108-45-2	●						P2 For fumes	
m-Tolidin		108-44-1	●						P3	

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RECOMMENDED PROTECTION

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
N-NONANE		111-84-2	●				●			
n-Propyl nitrate		627-13-4							BA	

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
O-Aminoazotoluene		97-56-3							P3	
o-Anisidine		90-04-0	●					●		
o-Dichlorbenzene		95-50-1	●							
o-Chlorstyrene		2039-87-4	●							
o-Chlortoluene		95-49-8	●							
o-kresol		95-48-7	●						P3	
Oleum		-				●			P2	
o-Methylcyclicexanon		589-92-4	●							
o-Phenyldiamine	1,2-Diaminobenzene	615-28-1	●						P2 BA	
Osalic acid		144-62-7							P3	
o-sec-Butylphenol		89-72-5	●						P2	
o-Toluidin		95-53-4	●						P3	
Ozone		10028-15-6	●						P3	

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Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Propylene glycol		57-55-6	●							
Propylene oxide	1,2-Epoxypropan	75-56-9							BA	
Propyleneimine		75-55-8					●			
p-Toluenesulfonyl chloride	Tosyl chloride	98-59-9		●					P3	
p-Toluidin		106-49-0	●						P3	
Pyridine	Azabenzene	110-86-1	●							
Pyrocatechin	1,2-Dihydroxybenzene	120-80-9	●						P3	

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Quartz dust		-							P3	
Quinolin	1-Benzazine	91-22-5							P3	

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Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Thiram		137-26-8						P3		
Titanium dioxide		13463-67-7						P3		
Titanium chloride		7646-78-8						P3		
Toluene	Methyl-benzen	108-88-3	●							
Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate		584-84-9	●					P3		
Toluene-2,6-diisocyanate		91-08-7	●					P3		
trans-1,2-Dichloreten		156-60-5				●				
trans-2-Hexen		4050-45-7	●							
Tributyl phosphate		126-73-8	●					P3		
Tridymit		15468-32-3						P3		
Trietanolamine		102-71-6	●							
Triethylamine		121-44-8	●							
Triethylenediamine	TEDA	280-57-9	●					P2		
Trichloroacetic acid		76-03-9	●	●				P3		
Trichloretylene		79-01-6	●							
Trimethylamin		75-50-3				●				
Trimethylfosfit		121-45-9	●							
Trimethylfosphate		512-56-1	●							
TrinitrofenylmetylNitrosamine	Tetryl	479-45-8						P3		
Trinitroglycerin		55-63-0	●			●				
Trinitrotoluene	Tnt	118-96-7				●				
Triphenyl phosphate		115-86-6						P3		
Triphenylamine		603-34-9						P3		
Tris(chloroisopropyl)phosphate	"TCIPP, TCPP, Burn slower"	13674-84-5	●			●				
Tungsten and compounds		7440-33-7						P2		
Turpentine		8006-64-2	●							

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Undekan		1120-21-4	●							
Uranium and soluble compounds		7440-61-1							P3	
Urea		57-13-6							P2	
Urethane		-	●						P3	

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RECOMMENDED PROTECTION

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Vanadia, (V205) smoke		7440-62-2						P3		
Vanadia, (V205) dust		7440-62-2						P3		
Vanadious oxide		1314-62-1						P3		
Valeraldehyde	Amylaldehyde	110-62-3	●							
Vinyl acetate		108-05-4	●							
Vinyl bromide		593-60-2					●			
Vinyl chloride		75-01-4					●			
Vinyldenchloride	Dichloroethane	75-35-4					●			
Vinyltoluen		25013-15-4	●							
Vx		50782-69-9	●	●				P3		
Warfarin		81-81-2						P2		

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Xenon		7440-63-3							BA	
o-Xylene		95-47-6	●							
m-Xylene		108-38-3	●							
p-Xylene		106-42-3	●							
2,3-Xyldin		87-59-2	●						P3	
2,4-Xyldin		95-68-1	●						P2	
2,5-Xyldin		95-78-3	●						P2	
2,6-Xyldin		87-62-7	●						P3	
3,4-Xyldin		95-64-7							P3	
3,5-Xyldin		108-69-0	●						P3	
Ytrium and compounds									P2	
Zinc chloride fumes		7646-85-7							P3	
Zinc chromate		13530-65-9							P2	
Zinc oxide, fumes		1314-13-2							P2	
Zinc phosphide		1314-84-7							BA	
Zinc sulfate		7733-02-0							P2	
Zinc dust		7440-66-6							P3	
Zircon metal, dust		7440-67-7							P2	

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FILTERS WITH VÚBP PRAGUE CERTIFICATE

OR TESTED IN THE LABORATORY OF SIGMA VVÚ S.R.O.

STATUS AS OF 11. 6. 2021

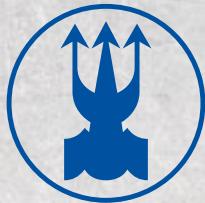
NOTES

Name	synonym	CAS No.	Recommended filter						Breathing apparatus BA	
			Gas filter							
			A	B	E	K	ABEK	AX		
Acetone		67-64-1	●							
Ammonia	Ammonia	7664-41-7			●					
Benzene		71-43-2	●							
Cyclohexane		110-82-7	●							
Dichloromethane	Methylenchlorid, DCM	75-09-2	●							
Phosgene	Carbonyl chloride CG	75-44-5			SX					
Chlorine		7782-50-5		●						
Cyanogen chloride	Chlorocyan	506-77-4				●				
Chloroform	Trichloromethane	67-66-3	●							
Chloropicrin	Trichloronitromethane	76-06-2	●							
Cyanogen	Carbon nitride	460-19-5		●						
Methanol	Methyl alcohol	67-56-1	●							
Mercury (steam)		7439-97-6				Hg-P3				
Nitrogen dioxide	Nitro	10102-44-0		●						
Sulfur dioxide	Sulfur oxide	7446-09-5			●					
Ozone	Triatomic oxygen	10028-15-6					ABEK2 P3 ABEK2SX			
Sarin gas	Gb	107-44-8	●							
Toluene	Methyl-benzen	108-88-3	●							
Trichloretylene		79-01-6	●							

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SIGMA



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